



Holistic Management of Cercospora Leaf Spot in Sugarbeet

Mohamed F. R. Khan Professor & Extension Sugarbeet Specialist North Dakota State University & University of Minnesota

Integrated CLS Management

- **✓** Crop rotation (wheat as preceding crop).
- **✓** Incorporation of infected crop residue.
- \checkmark Healthy plants use recommended nutrients (N).
- **✓ Improved CLS tolerant varieties.**
- **✓ Timely application of fungicide mixtures.**

Copper Chemicals

Commercial Name	Active Ingredient	Notes
Badge SC	17.6% Copper Oxychloride + 16.4% Copper Hydroxide	Registered to control CLS
Badge X2	22.82% Copper Oxychloride + 21.49% Copper Hydroxide	Registered
Champion	46.1% Copper Hydroxide	Registered
Champion Formula 2	37.5% Copper Hydroxide	Registered
Cuprofix	71% Basic Copper sulfate	Registered
COCS	73.49% Copper Oxychloride + 13.39% Basic Copper Sulfate	Registered
Mastercop	21.46% Copper sulfate pentahydrate	Registered
Ridomil Gold Copper	60% Copper Hydroxide + 5% Mefenoxam	Not Registered
Microthiol Dispress	80% Sulfur	Registered to control powdery mildew
Fertileader	11.9% Soluble Copper	Fertilizer

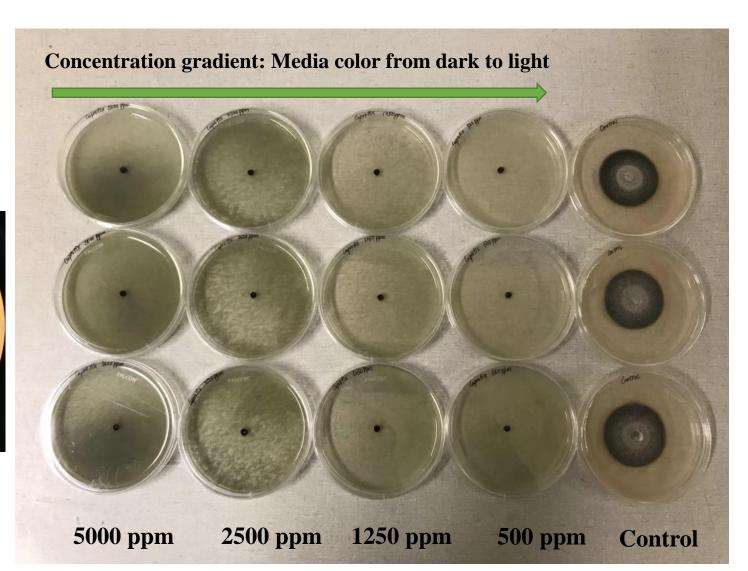


Sensitivity of *C. beticola* isolates to Copper – radial growth and germination

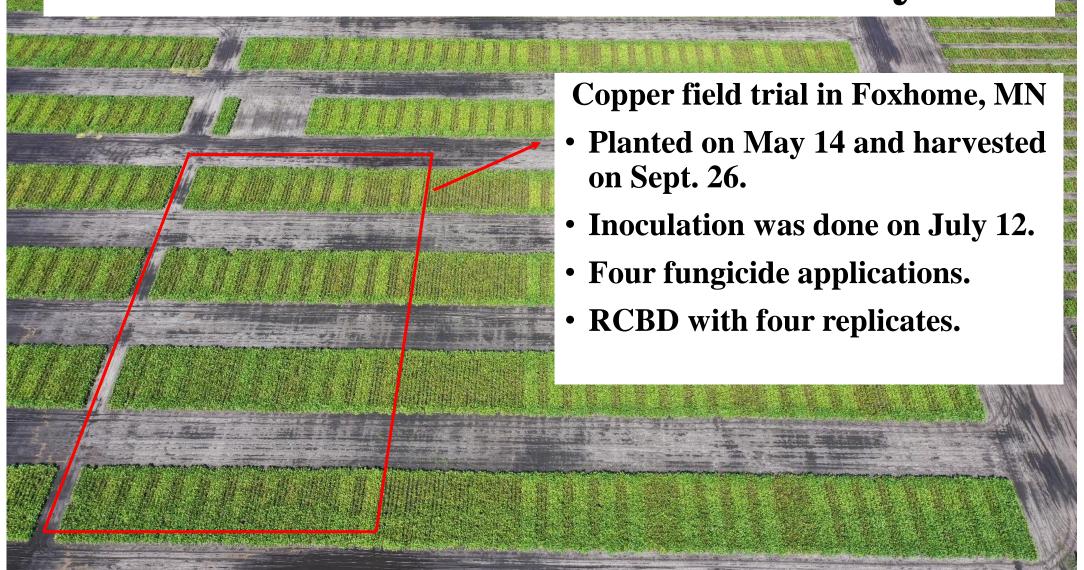
The label rate for Cuprofix (2 lb/A) in 20 gal/A water is 12,093 ppm.













Non-treated Check 5460 lb/A

Ridomil Gold Copper**
7414 lb/A

Cuprofix 6870 lb/A

Microthiol 6080 lb/A

Cuprofix+ Microthiol 7504 lb/A

** Not labeled for sugarbeet

Results

Coppers	CLS Ratings	Yield (Ton/A)	Sucrose (Lb/A)	
Untreated	9.0 a	22.8 e	5466 e	
Badge SC	6.3 de	28.6 a	7271 ab —	Good yield
Badge X2	5.5 fgh	27.9 ab	7387 ab —	→ Good yield
COCS	5.3 gh	27.2 abc	7396 ab —	Good yield
Champion	5.8 efg	26.2 bcd	7080 abc —	Good yield
Champ F2	6.0 ef	26.3 bcd	7053 abc —	Good yield
Cuprofix + Microthiol	5.3 gh	27.0 abc	7505 a —	→ Good yield
Ridomil Gold Copper	5.0 h	28.5 a	7414 ab	Good yield
Cuprofix	5.5 fgh	25.9 cd	6870 bc	→ Fair
Microthiol	8.3 b	25.1 d	6081 d	
Mastercop	7.3 с	24.7 d	6067 d	
Fertileader	6.8 cd	24.8 d	6536 cd	
LSD (P=0.05)	0.7	1.0	595	

Summary

- ✓ Copper products inhibited radial growth and spore germination of *C. beticola*.
- **✓**The fungicides evaluated provided better disease control and significantly higher recoverable sucrose than the check.
- **✓**There was some phytotoxicity by one product in the greenhouse conditions, but not in the field conditions.
- ✓ The <u>labeled products</u> evaluated will be useful in a mixture for use in a rotation program with different fungicide chemistries to control Cercospora leaf spot and manage fungicide resistance in sugar beet.

Do Adjuvants Help to Improve Efficacy of Fungicides for Controlling Cercospora Leaf Spot of Sugar beet?



7,420 lb/A



Headline 3x - 9,8913x -9,939 lb/A lb/A





Nontreated check -2016





(Inspire XT + Adjuvant A)4x

(Inspire XT + Adjuvant B)4x



Recoverable Sucrose (Yield in pounds sugar/Acre) of Fungicides With and Without Adjuvants at Controlling Cercospora beticola

Treatments @ 14 d	None	Preference	Complex	Transfix
Nontreated Check	5454e	5454e	5454e	5454e
Penncozeb (EBDC)	7365ab	7754a	7493abc	6983bcd
Badge (Copper)	6657cd	7184abc	7490ab	6292d
Inspire XT	7240abc	7684a	7796a	7657ab
F/cides Rotation	7774 a	7857a	7715 a	7606ab

Field Trial at Foxhome, MN - 2019

Non-treated Check 5454 lb/A

Inspire XT 4x 7240 lb/A

(Inspire XT + Adjuvant)4x 7796 lb/A







Summary

- ✓ Preliminary data suggest some adjuvant types may improve efficacy of copper.
- ✓ Please note adjuvant type may compromise disease control and reduce recoverable sucrose.
- ✓ Data suggest that using fungicide in mixtures in a rotation program does not need an adjuvant to provide effective control of CLS.

Effect of Individual Fungicides or Mixtures on *C. beticola* Foxhome, MN; Planted May 14 & Inoculated 7/12. Fungicides – July 22; Aug 1, 14 and 28; Harvested Sep 25.





Pictures - Courtesy of Luke Skasgaard

Non-Treated Check



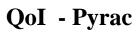


QoI + SDHI (Priaxor)





QoI - Quadris







Minerva 4x



Minerva Duo 4x







TPTH
Inspire XT + TPTH (4x)





Minerva + TPTH(4x)

Proline + TPTH (4x)



Efficacy of <u>DMI + TPTH</u> Fungicides at Controlling Cercospora beticola Resistant to QoI Fungicides

Treatments @ 14 d	CLS	RSA (lb/Ac)
Nontreated Check	9.8	5,467
TPTH	4. 3	8,207
Proline + NIS	4.3	8,436
Proline + NIS + TPTH	4.0	<i>8,731</i>
Inspire XT	5.0	8,028
Inspire XT + TPTH	4.0	9,285
Minerva	5.8	7,264
Minerva + TPTH	4.8	9,031
Minerva Duo	<i>5.0</i>	<i>8,171</i>
LSD (0.05)	1.1	733

Efficacy of <u>Broad Spectrum</u> Fungicides at Controlling Cercospora beticola Resistant to QoI Fungicides

Treatments @ 14 d	CLS	RSA (lb/Ac)
Nontreated Check	9.8	5,467
Manzate Max 1.6 qt	5.0	7,812
Dithane F45	5.0	7,937
Badge SC 4 pt	4.8	8,474
Mankocide 2.2 lb	5.0	7,527
Mankocide 4.3 lb	5.5	7,907
LSD (0.05)	1.1	733

Efficacy of Broad Spectrum and DMI Fungicides at Controlling Cercospora beticola Resistant to QoI Fungicides

Treatments @ 14 d	CLS	RSA (lb/Ac)
Nontreated Check	9.8	5,467
Manzate Max 1.6 qt	5.0	7,812
Inspire XT	5.0	8,028
Inspire XT + Manzate	<i>4.8</i>	7,782
Inspire XT + Mankocide	<i>5.3</i>	8,021
LSD(0.05)	1.1	733

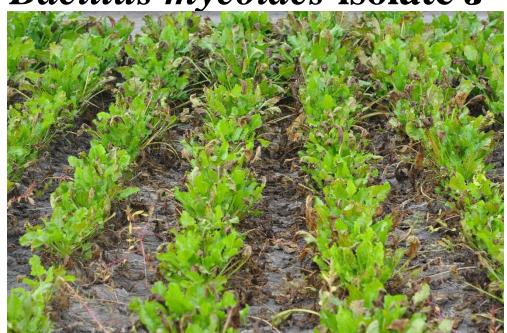
Efficacy of DMI + Broad Spectrum Fungicide (Copper) at Controlling *Cercospora beticola* Resistant to QoI Fungicides

Treatments @ 14 d	CLS	RSA (lb/Ac)
Nontreated Check	9.8	5,467
Badge SC 2 pt	4.8	8,473
Inspire XT	5.0	8,028
Inspire XT + Badge SC 2 pt	4.8	8,401
Proline + NIS	4.3	8,435
Proline + Badge 2 pt	<i>5.0</i>	7,689
LSD (0.05)	1.1	733



Non-Treated Check

Bacillus mycoides isolate J



Bacillus amyloliquefaciens





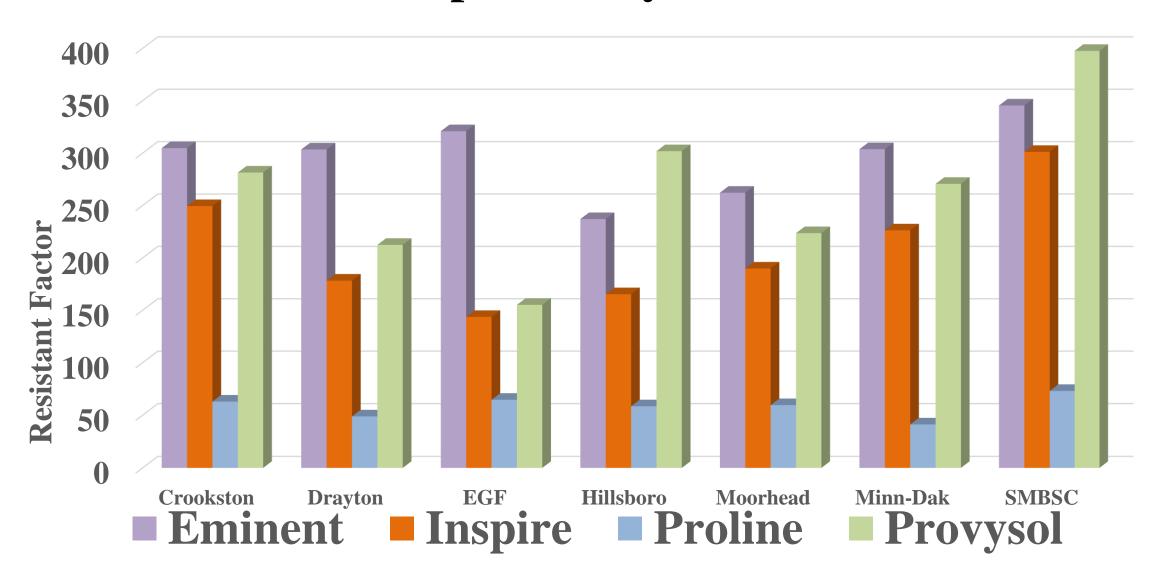
Topguard

Triazoles – Eminent, Minerva, Proline, Topguard, Enable, Provysol, Caramba, Mixtures – Minerva Duo, Delaro, Priaxor, Protocol, **Propulse, Inspire XT, Brixen, Dexter Max TPTH – Super Tin, Agri Tin Thiophanate methyl - Incognito** Mancozeb – Dithane, Koverall, Manzate, Penncozeb Copper - Champ, ChampION, Kocide, Badge, Cuprofix, MasterCop, Basicop QoI/Strobilurin - Flint, Quadris, Aproach

Provysol



Sensitivity of *C. beticola* isolates collected in 2019 to Eminent, Inspire, Proline* and Provysol by factory district in ND and MNas expressed by RF values: Dr. Secor



Fungicide Mixtures in a Rotation Program Effectively and Economically Controlled CLS

Inspire XT + Manzate/Topsin + TPTH /
Proline + Manzate / Mankocide / TPTH + Priaxor

Inspire XT + TPTH / TPTH + Topsin /
Proline + Manzate / Mankocide





Was it Economical to Use Fungicide Mixtures in Alternation Provided Effective Control of *Cercospora beticola* in 2019?

Treatments @ 14 d	RS	<i>Net \$/A</i>
Nontreated Check	5,687	547
Inspire XT + Manzate / Supertin + Topsin /		
Proline + Manzate / Supertin + Manzate**	8,774	883
Inspire XT + Supertin / Supertin + Topsin / Proline + Manzate / Mankocide	8,443	<i>881</i>
Supertin + Badge / Mankocide /		
Supertin + Badge / Mankocide	8,398	848
LSD P=0.05 \$301 to \$336 more per acre after paying for fungicide	887 es and application	164 ons cost

Broad Spectrum Fungicides in Mixtures and in Rotation Program (with NO DMIs) Controlled CLS in 2018 and 2019

TPTH + EBDC / Mankocide / TPTH + Badge / Mankocide - 2018

TPTH + EBDC / Mankocide / TPTH + EBDC / Mankocide - 2019



Fungicide Mixtures in Alternation Provided Effective Control of Cercospora beticola in 2019

Treatments @ 14 d	CLS	RS (lb/ac)
Nontreated Check	9.5	5,687
Supertin + Badge / Mankocide /		
Supertin + Badge / Mankocide	5.0	8,398
Supertin + Manzate / Mankocide /		
Supertin + Manzate / Mankocide	5.0	8,165
LSD $P=0.05$	0.6	887

CLS Disease Severity at Foxhome, September 4 and 5th, 2019

Grower's Field

Research Site



More Severe CLS at SMBSC – September 4, 2019

Southern Minnesota Beet Sugar Coop - Research

Southern Minnesota Beet Sugar Coop – Grower's Field



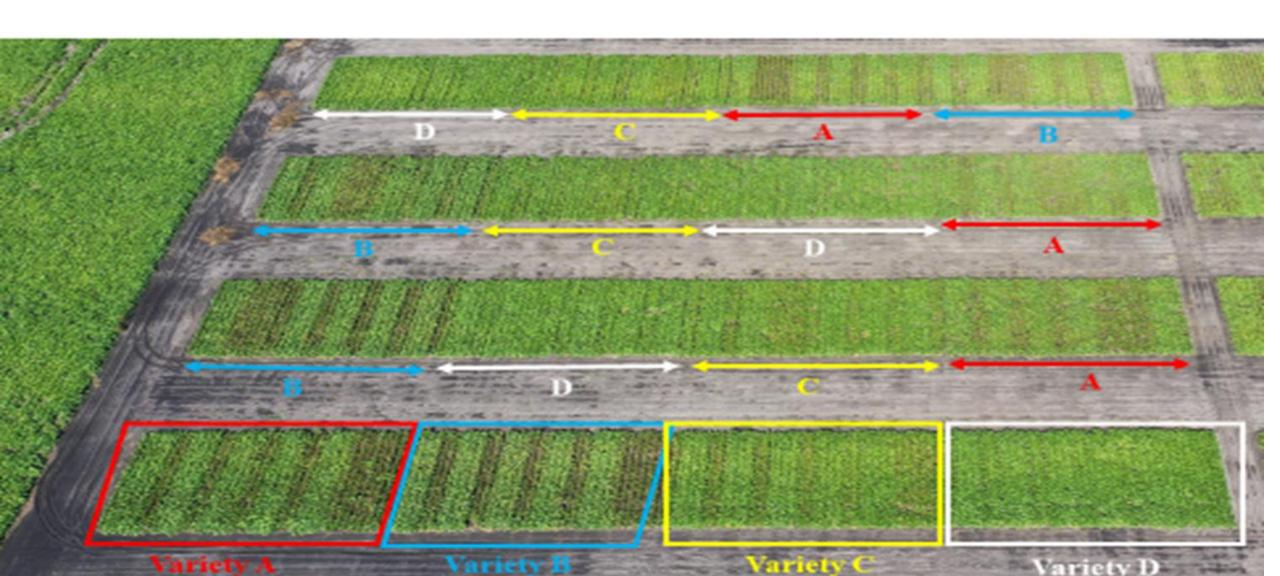


Cercospora leaf spot started in Italy – still a problem; use of CLS resistant varieties.





Varieties A, B (Commercial), C and D (Improved CLS Tolerant) Response to Fungicides in Minnesota, USA



Take Home Message

- ➤ Use crop rotation (wheat before sugarbeet if possible); incorporate infected debris; use more CLS tolerant varieties (newer ones in 2021).
- Cercospora population is still resistant to QoI (or strobilurin) fungicides (Priaxor, Gem, Pyrac).
- ➤ Cercospora population is less sensitive to several other modes of action fungicides (DMIs, Topsin).
- > It is best to use recommended mixtures of fungicides for each application.
- Always mix site specific fungicides (such as triazoles) with a non-specific fungicide (Mancozeb, Copper, TPTH, Mankocide), or mix different multi-site fungicides in a rotation program for effective and economical CLS control; start at first symptoms and be timely at 14 day intervals (or shorten to 10 to12 days if there is regular rainfall).

Acknowledgements -Thank You!

- > Growers through the SBREB for funding my research and educational programs.
- > Seed, chemical and allied industries, and agriculturists and consultants for assistance.
- **Kevin Etzler for research conducted on his farm.**
- > Personnel at ACSC tare laboratory, East Grand Forks.
- > Colleagues at NDSU for assistance in harvesting.
- Peter Hakk, students and field interns.